Food and Drugs Act. The article was labeled in part: "Tetratex. * * * L. E. Shunk, Products, Inc., Akron, Ohio."

It was alleged to be adulterated in that its strength fell below the professed

standard or quality under which it was sold.

Misbranding was alleged in that the following statements in the labeling were false and misleading: "Prophylactic * * * For Medical Purposes Guaranteed Five Years Disease Preventative."

On May 9, 1938, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

29298. Adulteration and misbranding of prophylactics. U. S. v. 11½ Gross of Prophylactics (and 1 similar seizure action). Default decrees of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. Nos. 41636, 42328. Sample Nos. 7626–D, 14529–D.)

Samples of this product were found to be defective in that they contained holes.

On February 7 and May 9, 1938, the United States attorneys for the Districts of Connecticut and Massachusetts, acting upon reports by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in their respective district courts libels praying seizure and condemnation of 11½ gross and 19 dozen prophylactics in various lots at Hartford, Conn., and Boston, Mass.; alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about November 22, 1937, and March 17, 1938, from New York, N. Y., by Woltra Co., Inc.; and charging adulteration and misbranding in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that its strength fell below the

standard or quality under which it was sold.

Misbranding was alleged in that the following statements appearing respectively in the labeling of the two lots were false and misleading: "Stoutex For Prevention of Disease" and "Supreme Quality For Prevention of Diseases."

On May 9 and July 11, 1938, no claimant having appeared, judgments of condemnation were entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

29299. Adulteration and misbranding of rubber prophylactics. U. S. v. 11 Gross of Rubber Prophylactics (and 2 similar seizure actions). Default decrees of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. Nos. 42267, 42300, 42301. Sample Nos. 10925–D, 10930–D, 10931–D.)

Samples of this product were found to be defective in that they contained holes.

On April 4 and 28, 1938, the United States attorney for the Western District of Kentucky, acting upon reports by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court three libels praying seizure and condemnation of 45 gross of rubber prophylactics at Louisville, Ky.; alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about January 3 and March 12, 1938, from Akron, Ohio, in part by Peerless Rubber Co., and in part by Peerless Rubber Sundries; and charging adulteration and misbranding in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The article was labeled in part: "L. E. S. Liquid Latex."

It was alleged to be adulterated in that its strength fell below the standard

or quality under which it was sold.

Misbranding was alleged in that the following statements variously appearing in the labeling of the several lots were false and misleading: "Prophylactic * * * Guaranteed Five Years * * * For the Prevention of Disease * * * Disease Preventative * * * Guaranteed 5 Yrs. * * * For Prevention of Disease."

On June 7, 1938, no claimant having appeared, judgments of condemnation were entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

29300. Adulteration and misbranding of prophylactics. U. S. v. 9 Dozen Prophylactics (and 6 similar seizure actions). Default decrees of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. Nos. 42117, 42203, 42204, 42209, 42284, 42285, 42303, 42342. Sample Nos. 10729-D, 10730-D, 10731-D, 12532-D, 13024-D, 14531-D, 22527-D, 25009-D, 29006-D.)

Samples of this product were found to be defective in that they contained holes.

On various dates between April 2 and May 9, 1938, seven United States attorneys, acting upon reports by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in their respective district courts libels praying seizure and condemnation of 150½ dozen

prophylactics in various lots at Newark, N. J., Charlotte, N. C., Jacksonville, Fla., Philadelphia and Pittsburgh, Pa., and Boston, Mass.; alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on various dates between December 4, 1937, and March 28, 1938, from New York, N. Y., by Youngs Rubber Corporation, Inc.; and charging adulteration and misbranding in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The article was labeled in part: "'Naturalamb' Skins" or "Pioneer."

It was alleged to be adulterated in that its strength fell below the standard

or quality under which it was sold.

Misbranding was alleged in that the following statements variously appearing in the labeling of the several lots were false and misleading: "For Prevention of Disease" and "For Prevention of Contagious Disease * * Quality."

On various dates between May 12 and July 27, 1938, no claimant having appeared, judgments of condemnation were entered and the product was ordered

destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.